

Sunrise[™] Zonal Geranium

Green-leafed, medium-vigor plant Large-flowered series blooms early Superior color range

A unique coral color expands the series.



Sunrise™ Coral Zonal Geranium

Height:Spread:Exposure:12 - 14" (30 - 36cm)12 - 14" (30 - 36cm)SunRooting GuidelinesSunRecommended Cell Size (in millimeters):Rooting Hormone mix):Average Days with Mist:Early PGR Treatment Recommended (after 7 - 10 days): (see note 1)Average Propagation Weeks:Pinch in Propagation:Comments: Stick right after arrival, keep days, and reduce mist afterwards as soon as possible. Apply preventive fungicide treatment	General & Informati	on					
Recommended Cell Size (in millimeters):Rooting Hormone (IBA + NAA double stripAverage Pays with Mist:Pinch in Propagation Weeks:Comments: Propagation:Comments: Stick right after arrival, keep outlings hydrated for the first 3 days, and reduce mist afterwards as soon as possible. Apply	0			ire:			
Cell Size (in millimeters):Hormone (IBA + NAA mix):Days with Mist:Recommended (after 7 - 10 days): (see notePropagation Weeks:Propagation:Stick right after arrival, keep no25/35 mm single or double stripmix):7 to 91)4as soon as possible. Apply	Rooting Guidelines						
after sticking.	Cell Size (in millimeters): 25/35 mm single or	Hormone (IBA + NAA mix):	Days with Mist:	Recommended (after 7 - 10 days): (see note 1)	Propagation Weeks:	Propagation:	Stick right after arrival, keep cuttings hydrated for the first 3 days, and reduce mist afterwards as soon as possible. Apply preventive fungicide treatment
Rooting & Finishing Media pH: (see note 2) Eartilizer Needs: (see note 3) Watering: (see note 4)	<u>v</u> v						

		5		
Pinch after	Light Levels	Plant Growth Regulators	Pests and Fungal	Comments:
Transplant	in Foot	(PGR) (S) = spray / (D) =	Diseases:	Maintain temperature and grow the
(unpinched	Candles:	drench:	Thrips, Fungus	crop on the dry side, but avoid drying
liners):	3,000 to	Cycocel 750-1,000 PPM + B-	Gnats, Spider Mites,	out, as this will slow growth (plants will
no	5,000	Nine 1,500-2,500 PPM tank mix (S), Sumagic 1-3 PPM	White Fly, Rust, Botrytis, Pythium	push flowers). Provide excellent air circulation.
	200-250 PPM N/EC Pinch after Transplant (unpinched liners):	200-250 PPM N/EC 1.8-2.0 gr Pinch after Light Levels Transplant in Foot (unpinched Candles: liners): 3,000 to	200-250 PPM N/EC 1.8-2.0 grow on the dry side Pinch after Light Levels Plant Growth Regulators Transplant in Foot (PGR) (S) = spray / (D) = (unpinched Candles: drench: liners): 3,000 to Cycocel 750-1,000 PPM + B- no 5,000 Nine 1,500-2,500 PPM tank	Pinch after Light Levels Plant Growth Regulators Pests and Fungal Transplant in Foot (PGR) (S) = spray / (D) = Diseases: (unpinched Candles: drench: Thrips, Fungus liners): 3,000 to Cycocel 750-1,000 PPM + B- Gnats, Spider Mites, no 5,000 Nine 1,500-2,500 PPM tank White Fly, Rust, mix (S), Sumagic 1-3 PPM Botrytis, Pythium

Crop Time

 4- to 5-inch (10- to 13-cm) Pots, Quarts :
 6-inch (15-cm) Pots, Gallons:
 10- to 12-inch (25- to 30-cm) Tubs or Baskets:

 8 to 12 weeks, 1 ppp
 12 to 14 weeks, 1 ppp
 12 to 14 weeks, 3 to 4 ppp

1. PGR applications during rooting:

Sprays only. Cover the plants and avoid run-off as much as possible. For vigorous products, first application should be done about 7-10 days after sticking, second when needed. Please test before use.

2. Media pH:

Best results are achieved if media with the correct pH is used starting with propagation.

3. Fertilizer needs:

Start with low concentrations after roots show and increase with plant development to the recommended levels.

4. Watering:

In general avoid drying out or overwatering the substrate as this will affect plant quality and finishing time. Root system will suffer when conditions change from one extreme to the other. "Growing on the dry side" means letting the substrate become dry (substrate color turns light brown and substrate starts to separate from the pot edge) before watering.

"Keep constantly moist" means watering the plants just before substrate becomes dry. Water management in rooting and finishing is half the success and the best way to prevent root-bound diseases, improve performance and control plant quality.

During rooting keep soil temperature measured in the liner at 70°F/21°C until cuttings are well-rooted. After planting the liner, keep temperature up until roots have developed nicely. Afterward follow recommendations.

The use of "Cool Morning" treatments will improve plant quality, flower and foliage color, and plant habit, and harden the plants. Lower the temperature by 8-12° F/4-6°C 2 hours before sunrise until 2-3 hours after sunrise. Start treatments after plants are rooted in, well-branched and cover the media (reach the pot edges). To avoid delayed flowering, keep the average day temperature under a close watch and if necessary, increase night temperatures. Finishing of the crop depends on the average day temperature, and positive or negative DIF methods as well as "Cool Morning" can be used to improve plant quality.

NOTE: Growers should use the information presented here as guidelines only. Selecta recommends that growers conduct a trial of products under their own conditions. Crop times will vary depending on the climate, location, time of year, and greenhouse environmental conditions. It is the responsibility of the grower to read and follow all the current label directions relating to the products. Nothing herein shall be deemed a warranty or guaranty by Selecta of any products listed herein. Selecta's terms and conditions of sale shall apply to all products listed herein.

Other Sunrise[™] Varieties



Bright Scarlet 26









Ruby+Fringe









Rose+Big Eye

Pink





Hot Pink

Bright Lilac



Purple+Big Eye

Brilliant Red

Hot Rose+Eye

Orange





Violet

White



Dark Red

